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1.1 Scope of the document

These instructions are applicable only to the explosion-protection version of the radar level transmitter. For all other data, use the Quick Start and Handbook. If you do not have these documents, please contact the nearest office or download them from the manufacturer’s internet site.

**INFORMATION!**
The information in these supplementary instructions only contains the data applicable to explosion protection. The technical data for the non-Ex version in the Handbook shall be valid in its current version, provided that it is not rendered invalid or replaced by these supplementary instructions.

**WARNING!**
Installation, commissioning and maintenance may only be carried out by “Personnel trained in explosion protection”.

1.2 Device description

The OPTIWAVE-M 7500 measures level, volume, distance to surface and reflectivity of liquids, pastes and slurries.

Measurements are displayed via a DTM (device type manager) for remote communication or on an optional integrated display screen with wizard-driven setup.

The level transmitter is approved for use in potentially explosive atmospheres when equipped with the appropriate options.

An external transmitter, to measure process pressure, is optional.

1.3 Standards and approvals

**DANGER!**
In compliance with the IECEx scheme rules, the IECEx version of the device described in these Supplementary Instructions agrees with International Standards IEC 60079-0:2011, IEC 60079-11:2011 and IEC 60079-26:2014. The device is certified for use in hazardous areas by Kiwa ExVision B.V. under certificate of conformity KIWA 17.0012X.

**WARNING!**
Carefully read the IECEx certificate of conformity. Obey the boundary conditions.

You can download the certificate from our internet site.
1.4 Equipment protection levels (EPL)

The device has the markings that follow:

- Ex ia IIC T6...T3 Ga/Gb

The device is suitable for use in potentially explosive atmospheres of all flammable substances in Gas Groups IIA, IIB and IIC. It is certified for applications requiring EPL Ga/Gb or EPL Gb equipment, when fitted with the appropriate options. It agrees with temperature classes T6 thru T1 (Gas Groups) if the temperature limits are obeyed. For more data, refer to Ambient and process connection temperatures on page 7.

EPL Ga/Gb equipment is used in zone 0, but it is installed in the boundary wall between zone 0 and zone 1 (the antenna is in zone 0 and the signal converter is in zone 1). EPL Gb equipment is used in zone 1.

**WARNING!**

Make sure that the installation of the device between zone 0 and zone 1 agrees with IEC 60079-26.

1.5 IECEx nameplate

![Figure 1-1: Nameplate on the signal converter housing](image)

- **1.** IECEx certification number
- **2.** Types of device protection including approved Gas Groups, temperature classes and equipment protection level
- **3.** Intrinsically-safe circuit data. Refer to **4.** for the input voltage range.
- **4.** WARNING: Potential electrostatic charging hazard – see instructions
  
  For more data, refer to Electrostatic discharge on page 5.
- **5.** Cable entry type and size (M20×1.5, M25×1.5)
- **6.** Input voltage range and maximum current (4...20 mA passive – HART)
- **7.** Type code – for more data, refer to “Order code” in the handbook
2.1 Special conditions

This device can be installed on the applicable auxiliary equipment: a bypass chamber, a stilling well or a communicating pipe.

2.2 Precautions

2.2.1 General notes

WARNING!
When you install the device, obey the conditions in the IECEx certificate of conformity. These conditions include:
• The special conditions for safe use.
  You can download the certificate from our internet site.

DANGER!
This installation must agree with IEC 60079-14: Explosive atmospheres – Part 14: Electrical installations design, selection and erection.

DANGER!
The device contains a PEEK boundary wall between the process and the signal converter. Do not use the device if the PEEK part is not resistant to corrosion by the tank product.

Make sure that:
• you can get access to the device,
• there is sufficient space around the device for inspections,
• you can see the device nameplate, and
• there are no external forces applied on the device.

2.2.2 Electrostatic discharge

DANGER!
Risk of electrostatic discharge (ESD) from the Lens antenna and painted surfaces.

Do not install in a location where the electrostatic charge can increase. For example:
• locations near ventilation systems,
• locations where there is a risk of an increase in electrostatic charge caused by compressed air and dust,
• locations near machines that use friction,
• locations near systems that apply electrons as a spray [e.g. near electrostatic painting systems], and
• locations near other machines and systems that can have large electrostatic charges.
DANGER!
Make sure that the device and adjacent objects do not rub together.

Make sure that all personnel and equipment are correctly grounded.

If dirt collects on the device, clean it with a damp cloth.

ESD warning

Figure 2-1: ESD warning (on the device nameplate)
① Text: Warning! Potential electrostatic hazard – see instructions

2.2.3 Optional purging system

This option is applicable to:
• devices that have a DN40 Lens antenna

Figure 2-2: Purging system
① NPTF purging connection
Connection and operation of the purging connection are the responsibility of the user. The operator is also responsible for selection of a suitable fluid to purge the device.

Devices installed in a gas atmosphere
- The purging fluid temperature must be less than the ignition temperature of the gas or vapour atmosphere
- The purging fluid temperature must be between the minimum and maximum limits for the gasket (for more data, refer to the handbook) and the type of antenna (for more data, refer to Ambient and process connection temperatures on page 7)

2.3 Operating conditions

The allowable ambient temperature and related process connection temperature range for the device depends on the temperature classes and maximum surface temperature marked on the nameplate.

2.3.1 Ambient and process connection temperatures

WARNING!
The gasket temperature must be in the approved limits. For more data, refer to "Pressure and temperature ranges" in the Installation chapter of the handbook. The type of gasket and gasket material must agree with the process.

WARNING!
The reference point for the process temperature is the flange facing of the device. In the tables that follow, this reference point will be referred to as the "process connection temperature".

WARNING!
An explosive atmosphere is a mixture of air and flammable gases, vapour, mist or dust in atmospheric conditions. If you do not use the device in these conditions ($T_{atm} = -20...+60^\circ C$ and $p_{atm} = 0.8...1.1$ barg), do an analysis of the risk of ignition.

$T_{atm} = \text{atmospheric temperature}$ and $p_{atm} = \text{atmospheric pressure}$.

WARNING!
Make sure that the maximum process connection temperature and maximum ambient temperature are not more than the values given in the tables.

The tables that follow are applicable in these conditions:
- Device installation must agree with the instructions given in the handbook.
- Make sure that the device temperature does not increase because of other heat sources (sunlight, adjacent system components etc.). The device must not be operated above the maximum permitted ambient temperature.
- Do not put insulation around the signal converter. Make sure that the airflow around the signal converter is sufficient. It is permitted to have insulation on the pipe or stilling well and the process connection.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Temperature class for EPL Ga/Gb, EPL Gb or EPL Gc</th>
<th>Maximum ambient temperature [°C]</th>
<th>Maximum process connection temperature (max. process temperature) [°C]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>T6</td>
<td>+60</td>
<td>+60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>+43</td>
<td>+85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T5</td>
<td>+75</td>
<td>+75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>+58</td>
<td>+100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4</td>
<td>+56</td>
<td>+115</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>+53</td>
<td>+120</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Temperature class for EPL Ga/Gb, EPL Gb or EPL Gc</th>
<th>Minimum ambient temperature [°C]</th>
<th>Minimum process connection temperature (min. process temperature) [°C]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All classes (①)</td>
<td>-40</td>
<td>-40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

① Min. process connection temperature is -20°C, if a Kalrez® gasket is used
3.1 General notes

**WARNING!**
- De-energize the circuit.
- Use the applicable cable glands for the cable entry openings in the housing (M20×1.5 or M25×1.5). For the cable entry size, refer to the device nameplate.
3.2 Terminal compartment

3.2.1 How to open the terminal compartment

**WARNING!**
- Do not blow dust with compressed air if it collects on the housing. Clean the device with a damp cloth before you remove the terminal compartment cover.
- Make sure that no dust goes into the electrical compartment after you open the cover.

![Figure 3-1: How to open the terminal compartment cover](image)

**Equipment needed**
- Wrench [supplied]
- 3 mm Allen wrench [not supplied]

- Use the 3 mm Allen wrench to remove the cover stop.
- Use the wrench to remove the cover.

For more data about the procedure, refer to the handbook.
3.2.2 How to close the terminal compartment

Figure 3-2: How to close the terminal compartment cover

Equipment needed
- Wrench (supplied)
- 3 mm Allen wrench (not supplied)
- Attach the cover. Make sure that a slot on the top of the cover is correctly aligned with the hole for the cover stop.
- Attach the cover stop (make sure that there is also a spring washer and a socket head screw). Tighten the screw with a 3 mm Allen wrench.

3.3 Terminal tightening capacity

The terminal tightening capacity for current output terminals is:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of wire</th>
<th>Terminal tightening capacity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>[mm²]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flexible or rigid</td>
<td>2.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.4 Equipotential bonding system

Connect the device to the equipotential bonding system for the hazardous location.

You can use 2 terminals to connect the device to the equipotential bonding system:
• a ground connection in the terminal compartment and
• an external ground terminal adjacent to the cable entries

You can also use the process connection to connect the device to the equipotential bonding system. Make sure that there is a good electrical connection to the process connection (flange, thread etc.).

The device electronics are isolated with a rating of 500 VRMS.

3.5 How to connect the electrical cables

Refer to the handbook for data about the device terminals.

Cable glands are supplied on customer demand. We recommend that you use a part that has a degree of ingress protection IP≥68. Make sure that the cable gland is sealed.

Obey the instructions that follow:
• Electrical wires must agree with applicable standards (e.g. IEC 60079-14).
• Use the electrical connection procedure in the Handbook.
• Put the electrical wires in position and safely attach them to prevent damage. The electrical wires must also be a sufficient distance from hot surfaces.
• Make sure that unused electrical wires are safely connected to the ground potential of the hazardous area. If this is not possible, make sure that each of the unused electrical wires are safely isolated (other electrical wires, ground etc.) and rated for a test voltage ≥500 VRMS.
• If it is necessary, make sure the electrical wire insulation gives good protection from corrosion.
• Connect only to separate certified, intrinsically-safe circuits. Make sure that the electrical circuit characteristics are not more than the values that follow.
• Do not remove more than 6 mm / 0.2” of insulation from the wire.
• The minimum thickness of the insulation must be 0.5 mm.

**CAUTION!**

*Power supply:*

Connect the electrical wires for the level transmitter to terminal “+” and “−”. If your device has the optional pressure transmitter, connect electrical wires from the pressure transmitter to terminal “A” and “B”.

### 3.6 Maximum intrinsically-safe values for the electrical circuit

**Level transmitter**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Output</th>
<th>Intrinsically-safe values for the electrical circuit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$U_i$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>[V]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4…20 mA passive – HART</td>
<td>≤30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WARNING!**

Connect an intrinsically-safe barrier to the level transmitter. If your device has the optional pressure transmitter, use a different intrinsically-safe barrier for the pressure transmitter. These two intrinsically-safe circuits must be galvanically isolated. Make sure that the electrical wires are rated for a test voltage of 500 $V_{RMS}$.

**Pressure transmitter (optional)**

For the maximum intrinsically-safe values, refer to the nameplate on the pressure transmitter.

### 3.7 Supply voltage

**Level transmitter**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Current output terminals</th>
<th>Minimum voltage at output terminals [V DC]</th>
<th>Maximum voltage at output terminals [V DC]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Terminals + / -</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Pressure transmitter (optional)**

For the power supply data, refer to the nameplate on the pressure transmitter.
**WARNING!**

Make sure that it is safe to supply electrical power. Do a start-up check:

- Are the wetted components (gasket, flange and antenna) resistant to corrosion by the tank product?
- Does the information given on the nameplate agree with the application?
- Did you connect the equipotential bonding system correctly?
- Are you using intrinsically-safe barriers within the correct parameters? For more data, refer to *Maximum intrinsically-safe values for the electrical circuit* on page 13. The electrical circuit characteristics must not be more than the maximum intrinsically-safe values.
- Did you install the correct cable glands? Is the terminal compartment correctly sealed?
- Does the purging system agree with Ex requirements?
5.1 Periodic maintenance

In normal operational conditions, no maintenance is necessary. Only the manufacturer can repair the device and replace components. If it is necessary, maintenance must be done by approved personnel (the manufacturer or personnel approved by the manufacturer).

**CAUTION!**

*Do not replace an Ex i electronic block with a different block that is from a device which does not have an intrinsically-safe barrier.*

*Do not use connectors in the signal converter housing or open the cover to change the device configuration when there is an explosive atmosphere. Maintenance can only be carried out by "Personnel trained in explosion protection".*

5.2 Keep the device clean

Obey these instructions:

- Keep the device clean to prevent dust contamination.
- Do not blow dust with compressed air.
- Clean the device with a damp cloth.

**DANGER!**

*If dirt collects on the device, clean it with a damp cloth.*

*Do not use cleaning agents which can cause damage to the paint, the boundary wall (the PEEK process seal), the EPDM housing gaskets and the process connection gaskets (FKM/FPM or Kalrez®). Also make sure that the cleaning agent does not remove the data printed on the nameplate.*

*If you use the incorrect cleaning agent (i.e. the device is not resistant to corrosion by your cleaning agent), do not use the device in a hazardous location. If aid is necessary, speak or write to the supplier.*

5.3 How to remove the device

The installation and removal of the device or the signal converter is a task for approved personnel (operator, fitter, electrician etc.). If you must change the signal converter or all of the device, refer to the procedures in the handbook.

**If you must do work in a hazardous location:**

- Disconnect the electrical wires. For more data refer to *How to open the terminal compartment* on page 10.
- Before you remove the device from the process connection, make sure that the tank is not pressurized. A pressurized tank can cause injury to persons when they do work on it.
- Make sure that all electrical wires are isolated from the ground. This is also applicable to Protective Earth (PE), Functional Earth (FE) and equipotential bonding conductors.
5.4 Manufacturer

KROHNE S.A.S.
2 Allée des Ors – B.P. 98
26103 Romans-sur-Isère CEDEX
France

If you need to return your device for inspection or repair, speak or write to your supplier and obey the instructions that follow.

5.5 Returning the device to the manufacturer

5.5.1 General information

This device has been carefully manufactured and tested. If installed and operated in accordance with these operating instructions, it will rarely present any problems.

WARNING!
Should you nevertheless need to return a device for inspection or repair, please pay strict attention to the following points:

• Due to statutory regulations on environmental protection and safeguarding the health and safety of the personnel, the manufacturer may only handle, test and repair returned devices that have been in contact with products without risk to personnel and environment.

• This means that the manufacturer can only service this device if it is accompanied by the following certificate [see next section] confirming that the device is safe to handle.

WARNING!
If the device has been operated with toxic, caustic, radioactive, flammable or water-endangering products, you are kindly requested:

• to check and ensure, if necessary by rinsing or neutralising, that all cavities are free from such dangerous substances,

• to enclose a certificate with the device confirming that it is safe to handle and stating the product used.
### 5.5.2 Form (for copying) to accompany a returned device

**CAUTION!**
To avoid any risk for our service personnel, this form has to be accessible from outside of the packaging with the returned device.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Company:</th>
<th>Address:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Department:</td>
<td>Name:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tel. no.:</td>
<td>Fax no. and/or Email address:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Manufacturer's order no. or serial no.:**

The device has been operated with the following medium:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>This medium is:</th>
<th>radioactive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>water-hazardous</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>toxic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>caustic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>flammable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- We checked that all cavities in the device are free from such substances.
- We have flushed out and neutralized all cavities in the device.

We hereby confirm that there is no risk to persons or the environment through any residual media contained in the device when it is returned.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date:</th>
<th>Signature:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Stamp:
KROHNE – Process instrumentation and measurement solutions

- Flow
- Level
- Temperature
- Pressure
- Process Analysis
- Services

Head Office KROHNE Messtechnik GmbH
Ludwig-Krohne-Str. 5
47058 Duisburg (Germany)
Tel.: +49 203 301 0
Fax: +49 203 301 10389
info@krohne.com

The current list of all KROHNE contacts and addresses can be found at:
www.krohne.com