

OPTISONIC 6300 Quick Start

Ultrasonic clamp-on flowmeter

ER 3.4.0_



4

1 Installation

1.1 Intended use	l.
1.2 Scope of delivery	
1.3 Overview	
1.4 Storage	
1.5 Transport	
1.6 Pre-installation requirements	
1.6.1 Environmental requirements	
1.6.2 Installation requirements signal converter	
1.7 Installation requirements sensor	
1.7.1 Inlet, outlet and recommended mounting area	
1.7.2 Long horizontal pipes	
1.7.3 Open feed or discharge	
1.7.4 Down going pipeline over 5 m /16 ft length	
1.7.5 Position of control valve	
1.7.6 Position of pump	
1.7.7 Pipe diameters and sensor construction	
1.7.8 Pipe and media parameters	
1.8 Installation of the flowmeter	
1.8.1 General mechanical installation	
1.8.2 Installation instructions for small and medium version	
1.8.3 Installation instructions for large version	
1.9 Mounting of converter	
1.9.1 Mounting of UFC 300 F	
1.9.2 Turning the display of the field housing version	
1.9.3 Mounting of UFC 300 W	
Electrical connections	18

2 Electrical connections

2.1 Safety instructions	18
2.2 Construction of the various housing versions	
2.2.1 UFC 300 F	
2.2.2 UFC 300 W	
2.3 Electrical connection	
2.3.1 Signal cable to flow sensor	
2.3.2 Signal cable and power supply signal converter	
2.3.3 Signal cable to converter	
2.3.4 Laying electrical cables correctly	24
2.4 Inputs and outputs, overview	. 25
2.4.1 Fixed, non-alterable input/output versions	25
2.4.2 Alterable input/output versions	27

3 Start-up

3.1	General instructions for programming	28
	Start measurement of small / medium version	
3.3	Start measurement of large version	33
3.4	Mechanical installation for large version	35

28

4 Technical data	45
4.1 Technical data	
5 Notes	53

1.1 Intended use

The overall functionality of the clamp-on flowmeter is the continuous measurement of actual volume flow, mass flow, flow speed, velocity of sound, gain, SNR and diagnosis value.

1.2 Scope of delivery



INFORMATION!

Check the packing list to check if you received completely all that you ordered.



INFORMATION!

Inspect the cartons carefully for damage or signs of rough handling. Report damage to the carrier and to the local office of the manufacturer.



INFORMATION!

The device will arrive in two cartons. The square carton contains the converter. The rectangular carton contains the transducer set.

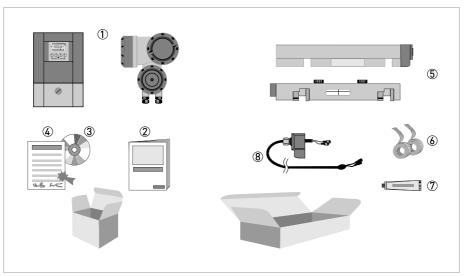


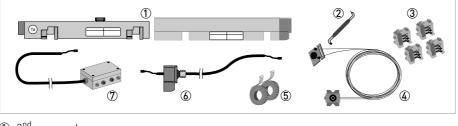
Figure 1-1: Scope of delivery

① Signal converter, wall version or field version

2 Quick Start

- ③ CD-ROM (including Handbook, Quick Start, Technical Datasheet, Support database, movie)
- ④ Factory calibration report
- (5) Sensor plus cover (stainless steel / XT version without cover)
- 6 Metal strap
- O Mineral coupling grease (standard versions) or high temperature contactgel Pyrogel[®] (XT versions)
- (8) Signal cable plus connector cap (XT versions have a protection sleeve around the signal cable).

Additionally for large version:



- 2nd sensor plus cover
 00 do no sensor plus cover
- ② 90 degree screw driver③ 4 fixing units
- 4 Inxing units4 Positioning tool
- 5 2 metal straps
- Signal cable plus connector cap
- Cable box plus signal cable



INFORMATION!

No special tools, no training required!

1.3 Overview

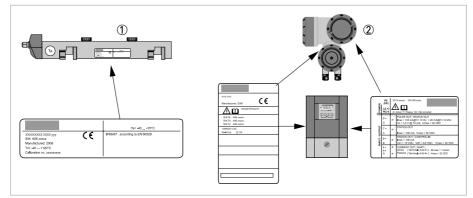


Figure 1-2: Visual check

- Flow sensor
- Signal converter

1.4 Storage

- Store the flowmeter in a dry and dust-free location.
- Avoid lasting direct exposure to the sun.
- Store the flowmeter in its original packing.

1.5 Transport

No special requirements.

1 INSTALLATION

1.6 Pre-installation requirements



INFORMATION!

To assure a quick, safe and uncomplicated installation, we kindly request you to make provisions as stated below.

1.6.1 Environmental requirements

- Pollution degree 2
- Protection class I
- Humidity: 5...80 % RH
- Temperature: -40...+60°C / -40...+140°F operating and -50...+70°C / -58...+158°F storage
- Suitable for indoor and outdoor use and certified for operating up to an altitude of 2000 m / 6562 ft
- IP class 66/67



CAUTION!

The device should be protected from corrosive chemicals or gases and dust / particles accumulation.

1.6.2 Installation requirements signal converter

- Allow 10...20 cm / 3.9...7.9" of space at the sides and rear of the signal converter to permit free air circulation.
- Protect signal converter against direct solar radiation, install a sunshield if necessary.
- Signal converters installed in switchgear cabinets require adequate cooling, e.g. by fan or heat exchanger.
- Do not expose the signal converter to intense vibration.

1.7 Installation requirements sensor



INFORMATION!

To avoid measuring errors and malfunctioning of the flowmeter due to gas or air inclusions or an empty pipe, please observe the following precautions.



CAUTION!

Since gas will collect at the highest point of a pipe, installation of the flowmeter at that location should be avoided at all times. Also installation in a down going pipe should be avoided since a completely filled pipe may not be guaranteed due to cascading effects. Additionally flow profile distortion is possible.



CAUTION!

If you program the diameter, please note that you use the outer diameter of the pipe.

1.7.1 Inlet, outlet and recommended mounting area

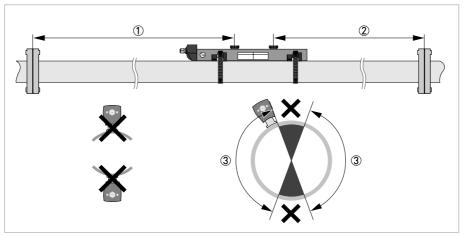


Figure 1-3: Inlet, outlet and recommended mounting area

- ① Min. 10 DN
- Min. 5 DN
- 3 OK, 120°

$\widehat{}$

CAUTION!

Especially for XT (eXtended Temperature) versions:

- Always install the sensor at a non-insulated part of the pipe. Remove any insulation if necessary!
- Bend radius of cable plus connection box needs 10 cm / 4" additional non insulated pipe section.
- Always wear protections gloves.

1.7.2 Long horizontal pipes

- Install on slightly ascending pipe section.
- If not possible, ensure adequate velocity to prevent air, gas or vapor from collecting in upper part.
- In partially filled pipes, the clamp-on flowmeter will report incorrect flow rates, or not measure.

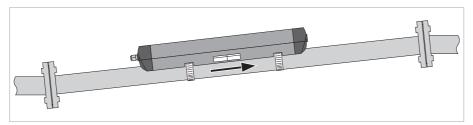


Figure 1-4: Long horizontal pipes

1.7.3 Open feed or discharge

Install meter on a lowered section of the pipe to ensure a full pipe condition through the meter.

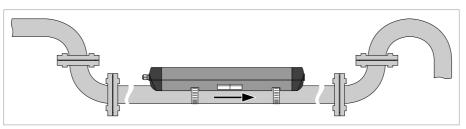


Figure 1-5: Open feed or discharge

1.7.4 Down going pipeline over 5 m /16 ft length

Install air vent downstream of the flow meter to prevent vacuum. Although this will not harm the meter, it may cause gases to come out of solution (cavitate) and interfere with proper measurements.

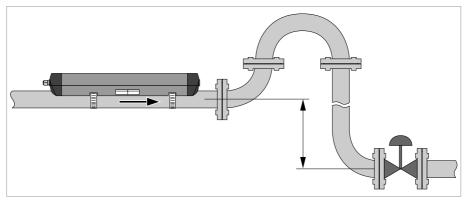


Figure 1-6: Down going pipeline over 5 m /16 ft length

1.7.5 Position of control valve

Always install control valves downstream of flowmeter in order to avoid cavitation or distortion of flow profile.

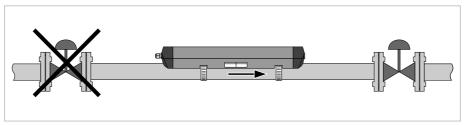


Figure 1-7: Position of control valve

1.7.6 Position of pump



CAUTION!

Never install flowmeter at a pump suction side in order to avoid cavitation or flashing in the flowmeter.

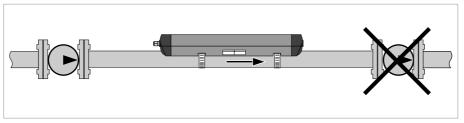


Figure 1-8: Position of pump

1.7.7 Pipe diameters and sensor construction

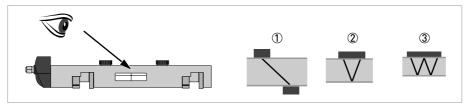


Figure 1-9: Measuring modes

- ① Z-mode
- V-mode
- 3 W-mode

1.7.8 Pipe and media parameters



INFORMATION!

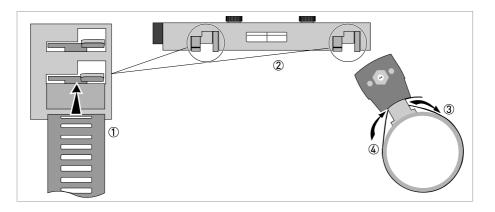
Detailed databases of most pipe and media parameters are on the supplied CD.

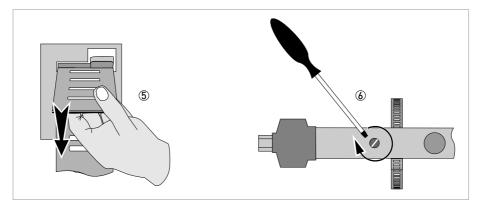
INSTALLATION

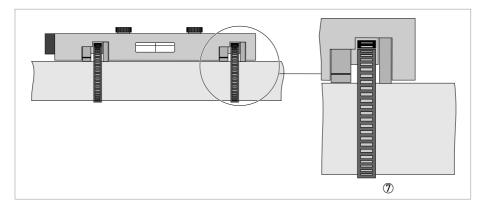
1.8 Installation of the flowmeter

1.8.1 General mechanical installation

Installation of the rails with the metal straps



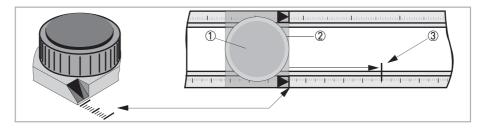






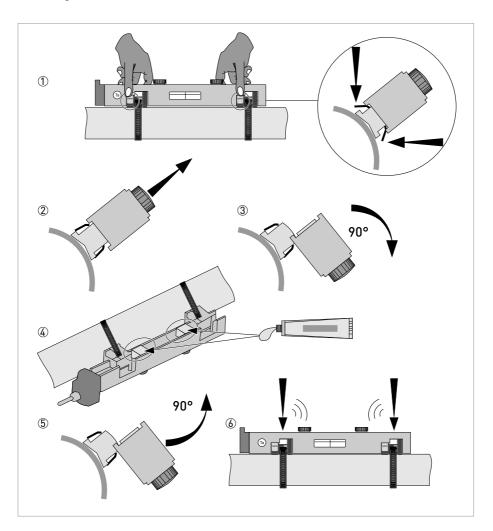
• (8): Repeat steps (1)...(7) at the other side of the rail.

Change the position of the transducer



- Unlock the floating transducer 2 by turning the locking knob 1 counter clockwise.
- Slide the transducer ② to the advised mounting distance ③ (menu X9.4).
- Lock the transducer by turning the locking knob ① clockwise.

Greasing the transducer surfaces

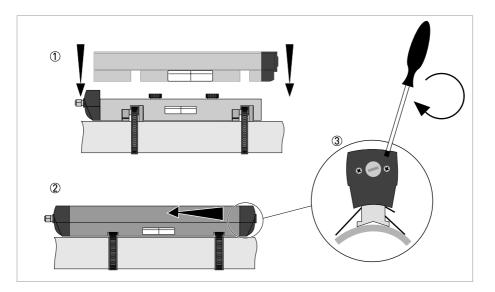




INFORMATION!

Not applicable for stainless steel / XT versions. These are delivered without cover.

Mounting the cover



1.8.2 Installation instructions for small and medium version

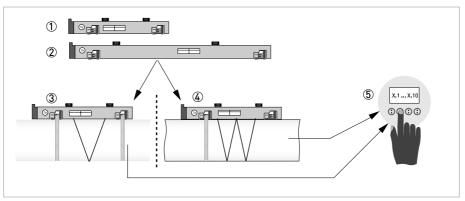


Figure 1-10: Procedure for installation of small or medium version

- ① Rail, small version
- Rail, medium version
- Choose for V-mode or ...
- 4 Choose for W-mode
- 5 Make settings in converter

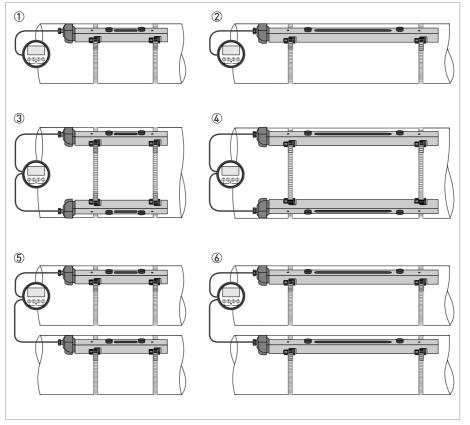


Figure 1-11: Device versions

- Small version: single pipe / single path
 Medium version: single pipe / single path
- ③ Small version: single pipe / dual path
- ④ Medium version: single pipe / dual path
- (5) Small version: dual pipe / single path
- 6 Medium version: dual pipe / single path

1 INSTALLATION

1.8.3 Installation instructions for large version

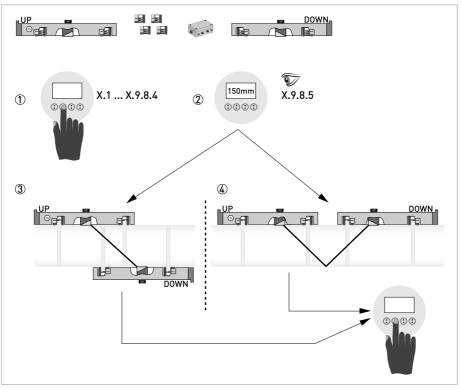


Figure 1-12: Procedure for installation of large version

- ① Enter the values for the installation menu, X1...X9.8.4
- 2 Read the advised mounting distance in menu X9.8.5
- ③ Choose for Z-mode (default) or ...
- (4) Choose for V-mode
- (5) Finish the installation menu

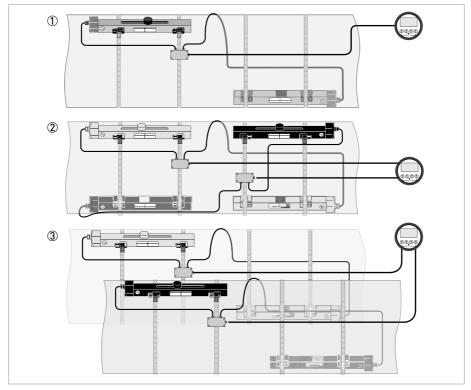


Figure 1-13: Device versions

Single pipe, single path
 Single pipe, dual path
 Dual pipe

1.9 Mounting of converter



CAUTION!

Always use the supplied signal cable. Keep the distance between the sensor and the signal converter as short as possible.

1.9.1 Mounting of UFC 300 F



Perform the following procedures:

- Mount converter with mounting plate on wall or standpipe.
- Observe maximum allowed length of 30 m / 98.4 ft for the signal cable

1.9.2 Turning the display of the field housing version

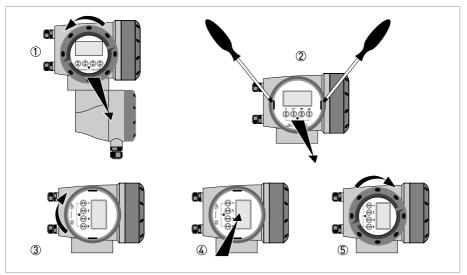


Figure 1-14: Turning the display of the field housing version

The display of the field housing version can be turned in 90° increments.

- ① Unscrew the cover from the display and operation control unit.
- ② Using a suitable tool, pull out the two metal puller devices to the left and right of the display.
- ③ Pull out the display between the two metal puller devices and rotate it to the required position.
- ④ Slide the display and then the metal puller devices back into the housing.
- (5) Re-fit the cover and tighten it by hand.



CAUTION!

The ribbon cable of the display must not be folded or twisted repeatedly.



INFORMATION!

Each time a housing cover is opened, the thread should be cleaned and greased. Use only resinfree and acid-free grease. Ensure that the housing gasket is properly fitted, clean and undamaged.

1.9.3 Mounting of UFC 300 W



Perform the following procedures:

- Remove aluminium mounting plate from rear of the signal converter, and attach to wall or standpipe.
- Mount signal converter.
- Position lock washers and nuts on the housing bolts, tighten nuts slightly.
- Align housing, tighten nuts firmly.
- Observe max. allowed length of 30 m / 98.4 ft for the signal cable.

2.1 Safety instructions



DANGER!

All work on the electrical connections may only be carried out with the power disconnected. Take note of the voltage data on the nameplate!



DANGER!

Observe the national regulations for electrical installations!



DANGER!

For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety notes apply; please refer to the Ex documentation.



WARNING!

Observe without fail the local occupational health and safety regulations. Any work done on the electrical components of the measuring device may only be carried out by properly trained specialists.



INFORMATION!

Look at the device nameplate to ensure that the device is delivered according to your order. Check for the correct supply voltage printed on the nameplate.

2.2 Construction of the various housing versions

2.2.1 UFC 300 F

The terminal compartments are accessible after unscrewing cover 2 and 6.

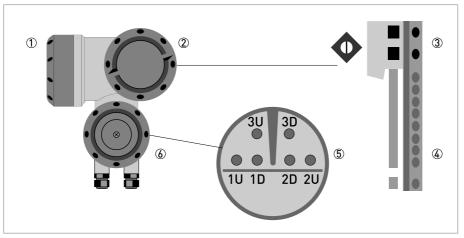


Figure 2-1: Construction (field version)

- Cover, electronics compartment
- 2 Cover, terminal compartment for power supply and inputs/outputs
- ③ Cable entry for power
- ④ Cable entry for inputs/outputs
- (5) Cable entry for sensor cable
- 6 Cover, sensor terminal compartment

2.2.2 UFC 300 W

The terminal compartments are accessible after opening cover 2.

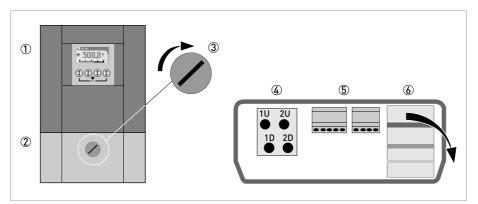


Figure 2-2: Construction of remote version

- ① Cover, electronics compartment
- 2 Cover for the three separate terminal compartments for power, sensor connection and inputs/outputs
- (3) Locking screw, 1/2 turn left/right to open/close cover (2)
- ④ Sensor terminal compartment
- 5 Terminal compartment for inputs/outputs
- (6) Power terminal compartment, open separate shock-hazard protection cover

2.3 Electrical connection



CAUTION!

To ensure smooth functioning, always use the signal cables included in the delivery.

The flow sensor is connected to the signal converter via the single signal cable.

2.3.1 Signal cable to flow sensor

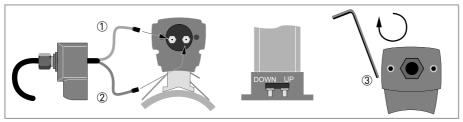


Figure 2-3: Connecting the signal cable to the rail (small and medium version)

- 1 Connect the green cable to "DOWN"
- ② Connect the blue cable to "UP"
- ③ Turn the screws clockwise to secure the cap

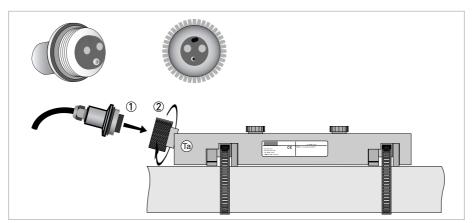


Figure 2-4: Connect the signal cable in case of stainless steel / XT version.

① Put in the connector.

Turn knob to secure the connector.



CAUTION!

For XT versions: check if the signal cable is heat protected with the protection sleeve of 1 meter / 40".

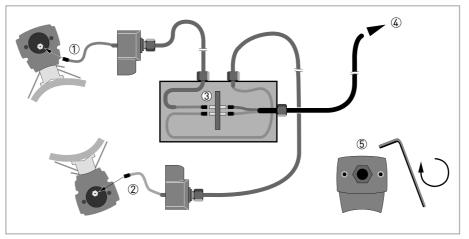


Figure 2-5: Connections in cable box (large version)

- ① Connect the blue cable to the UP rail.
- $\ensuremath{\overline{2}}$ Connect the green cable to the DOWN rail.
- ③ Make connections in cable box.
- (4) Cable to converter
- (5) Turn the screws clockwise to secure the caps.

2.3.2 Signal cable and power supply signal converter



INFORMATION!

The power terminals in the terminal compartments are equipped with additional hinged lids to prevent accidental contact.



DANGER!

The device must be grounded in accordance with regulations in order to protect personnel against electric shocks.

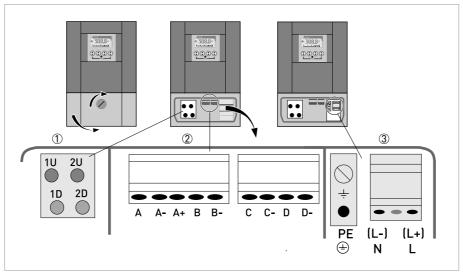


Figure 2-6: Construction of wall version

- ① Connect blue cable to 1U (to 2U for 2nd sensor) and the green cable to 1D (2D for 2nd sensor)
- Communication I/O
- ③ Power supply: 24 VAC/DC or 100...240 VAC

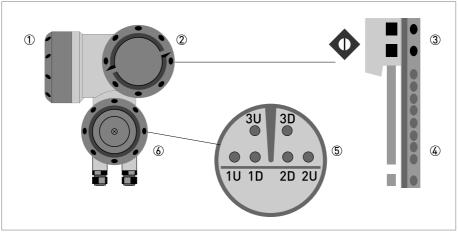


Figure 2-7: Construction (field version)

- ① Cover, electronics compartment
- ② Cover, terminal compartment for power supply and inputs/outputs
- ③ Cable entry for power
- ④ Cable entry for inputs/outputs
- (5) Cable entry for sensor cable
- lover, sensor terminal compartment

100...230 VAC (-15% / +10%)

- Connect the protective ground conductor PE of the mains power supply to the separate terminal in the terminal compartment of the signal converter.
- Connect the live conductor to the L terminal and the neutral conductor to the N terminal.

24 VAC/DC (-15% / +10%)

- For reasons to do with the measurement process, connect a functional ground FE to the separate U-clamp terminal in the terminal compartment of the signal converter.
- When connecting to functional extra-low voltages, provide a facility for protective separation (PELV) (VDE 0100 / VDE 0106 and/or IEC 364 / IEC 536 or relevant national regulations).

2.3.3 Signal cable to converter



CAUTION! Connect coax cables and follow indications up/down (1U 1D; 2U 2D; 3U 3D).

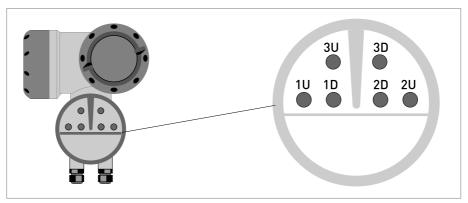


Figure 2-8: Connect signal cable (field version)

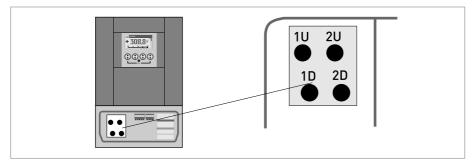


Figure 2-9: Connect signal cable (wall-mounted version)

2.3.4 Laying electrical cables correctly

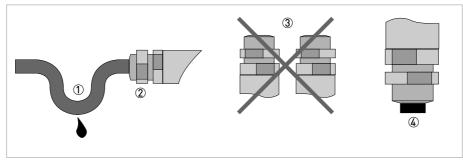


Figure 2-10: Protect housing from dust and water



- 1 Lay the cable in a loop just before the housing.
- 2 Tighten the screw connection of the cable entry securely.
- 3 Never mount the housing with the cable entries facing upwards.
- 4 Seal cable entries that are not needed with a plug.

2.4 Inputs and outputs, overview

2.4.1 Fixed, non-alterable input/output versions

This measuring transducer is available with various input/output combinations.

CG	G-No.	Connectio	n terminals	5						
		A+	А	A-	В	В-	С	C-	D	D-

Basic input/output (I/O) standard

100		I _p + HART [®]	passive 1	S _p / C _p passive ②	S _p passive	P_p / S_p passive ②
	I _a + HART	® active ①				

EEx-i inputs/outputs (I/Os) option

200			I _a + HART [®] active	P _N /S _N NAMUR ②
300			I _p + HART [®] passive	P _N /S _N NAMUR ②
210	l _a active	P _N / S _N NAMUR C _p passive ②	I _a + HART [®] active	P _N /S _N NAMUR ②
310	l _a active	P _N / S _N NAMUR C _p passive ②	I _p + HART [®] passive	P _N /S _N NAMUR ②
220	I _p passive	P _N / S _N NAMUR C _p passive ②	I _a + HART [®] active	P _N / S _N NAMUR ②
320	I _p passive	P _N / S _N NAMUR C _p passive ②	I _p + HART [®] passive	P _N / S _N NAMUR ②

1 function changed by reconnection

② changeable

- The grey boxes in the tables denote unassigned or unused connection terminals.
- Connection terminal A+ is only operable in the basic input/output version.

Description of abbreviations and CG identifier for possible optional modules on terminals A and B

Abbreviation	Identifier for CG No.	Description		
la	A	Active current output (including HART = HART [®] capability)		
I _p	В	Passive current output (including HART = HART [®] capability)		
P _a / S _a	С	Active pulse, frequency, status output or limit switch (changeable)		
P _p /S _p	E	Passive pulse, frequency, status output or limit switch (changeable)		
P _N /S _N	F	Passive pulse, frequency, status output or limit switch according to NAMUR (changeable)		
C _a	G	Active control input		
Cp	К	Passive control input		
C _N	Н	Active control input to NAMUR Signal converter monitors cable breaks and short circuits as per EN 60947-5-6. Errors indicated on LCD display. Error messages possible via status output.		
lln _a	Р	Active current input		
lln _p	R	Passive current input		
-	8	No additional module installed		
-	0	No further module possible		

2.4.2 Alterable input/output versions

The signal converter is available with various input/output combinations.

CG-No.	Connectio	n terminals	5							
	A+	А	A-	В	B-	С	C-	D	D-	

Modular inputs/outputs option

4	max. 2 option modules for term. A + B	I _a + HART [®] active	P_a / S_a active ①
8	max. 2 option modules for term. A + B	I _p + HART [®] passive	P_a / S_a active ①
6	max. 2 option modules for term. A + B	I _a + HART [®] active	P_p / S_p passive ①
B	max. 2 option modules for term. A + B	I _p + HART [®] passive	P_p / S_p passive ①
7	max. 2 option modules for term. A + B	I _a + HART [®] active	$P_N / S_N NAMUR$ (1)
C	max. 2 option modules for term. A + B	I _p + HART [®] passive	$P_N / S_N NAMUR$ (1)

1 changeable

Description of abbreviations and CG identifier for possible optional modules on terminals A and B

Abbreviation	Identifier for CG No.	Description		
la	A	Active current output (including HART = HART [®] capability)		
I _p	В	Passive current output (including HART = HART [®] capability)		
P _a / S _a	С	Active pulse, frequency, status output or limit switch (changeable)		
P _p /S _p	E	Passive pulse, frequency, status output or limit switch (changeable)		
P _N /S _N	F	Passive pulse, frequency, status output or limit switch according to NAMUR (changeable)		
C _a	G	Active control input		
C _p	К	Passive control input		
C _N	Н	Active control input to NAMUR Signal converter monitors cable breaks and short circuits as per EN 60947-5-6. Errors indicated on LCD display. Error messages possible via status output.		
lln _a	Р	Active current input		
lln _p	R	Passive current input		
-	8	No additional module installed		
-	0	No further module possible		

3 START-UP

3.1 General instructions for programming

Human machine interface (HMI)

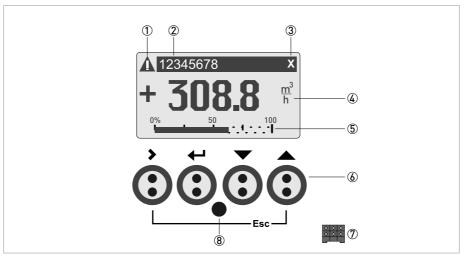


Figure 3-1: Display and operating elements (Example: flow indication with 2 measuring values)

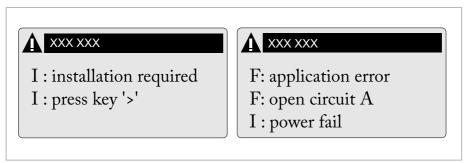
- $\textcircled{\sc 1}$ Indicates a possible status message in the status list
- 2 Tag number (is only indicated if this number was entered previously by the operator)
- 3 Indicates when a key has been pressed
- ④ 1st measured variable in large depiction
- (5) Bargraph indication
- 6 Keys (see table below for function and depiction in text)
- ⑦ Interface to the GDC bus (not present in all signal converter versions)
- (8) Infrared sensor (not present in all signal converter versions)

Кеу	Measuring mode	Menu mode	Sub-menu or function mode	Parameter and data mode
>	Switch from measuring mode to menu mode; press key for 2.5 s, "quick start" menu is then displayed	to menu mode; menu, then 1st mer key for 2.5 s, submenu is displayed k start" menu is		For numerical values, move cursor (highlighted in blue) one position to the right
Ļ	-	Return to measuring mode but first ask whether the data should be saved	Press 1 to 3 times, return to menu mode, data saved	Return to sub-menu or function, data saved
↓ or ↑	Switch between display pages: measured value 1 + 2, trend page and status page(s)	Select menu	Select sub-menu or function	Use cursor highlighted in blue to change number, unit, setting and to move the decimal point
Esc (> + ↑)	-	-	Return to menu mode without acceptance of data	Return to sub-menu or function without acceptance of data

Start installation menu



• Connect converter to power supply and power up converter.



First and second page appear intermittently

• Keep left button ">" pressed, until in display appears "release key now".

Installation menu



CAUTION!

- If you program the diameter, use the outer diameter of the pipe.
- For improved accuracy fill in as much details as possible.
- Fill in the actual transducer distance at menu X9.7
- Run the optimization loop until the transducer distance changes no more than 0.5%.

• >↓↑←

X1...X7

· · · · · ·	~~~					
X1	langua	ge	>	select from list using \uparrow \downarrow >		Ļ
X2	GDC IR interface		>	activate / cancel		ب ب
Х3	units		>	X3.1, X3.2,	$\uparrow \downarrow$	
	X3.1	size	>	select from list using \uparrow \downarrow >		Ę
	X3.2	volume flow	>	select from list using \uparrow \downarrow >		÷
	X3.3	velocity	>	select from list using \uparrow \downarrow >		Ļ
	X3.4	density	>	select from list using \uparrow \downarrow >		Ę
	X3.5	viscosity	>	select from list using \uparrow \downarrow >		Ę
Χ4	numbe	r of pipes	>	1 pipe / 2 pipes	$\uparrow \downarrow$	÷
(X5 b	ecomes a	active if one pipe is se	lect	ed in X4)		
X5	numbe	r of paths	>	1 path / 2 paths	$\uparrow\downarrow$	ب ب
(und	erneath X	6 becomes active if o	ne p	ipe is selected in X4)	1	
(Not	e: the me	asurement results of	patl	1 and path 2 are averaged !)		
(und	erneath X	6 and X7 become acti	ve il	two pipes are selected in X4)		
Х6	pipe da	ata / pipe data 1	>	X6.2, X6.3,	$\uparrow\downarrow$	
	X6.2	pipe tag	>	fill in 12 pos using \uparrow \downarrow >		÷
	X6.3	diameter	>	fill in using ↑↓ >		<u>ب</u>
	X6.4	pipe material	>	select from list using \uparrow \downarrow >		ب ب
	X6.5	VoS pipe material	>	read advise or fill in using ↑ ↓ >		Ļ
	X6.6	wall thickness	>	fill in using ↑↓ >		Ę
	X6.7	liner material	>	select from list using \uparrow \downarrow >		÷
	X6.8	VoS liner material	>	read advise or fill in using ↑ ↓ >		Ļ
	X6.9	liner thickness	>	fill in using \uparrow \downarrow >		Ļ
	X6.10	fluid	>	select from list using \uparrow \downarrow >		Ę
	X6.11	VoS fluid	>	read advise or fill in using ↑ ↓ >		Ļ
	X6.12	density	>	read advise or fill in using ↑ ↓ >		Ļ
	X6.13	viscosity	>	fill in using $\uparrow\downarrow$ >		Ę
X7	pipe data 2		>		$\uparrow \downarrow$	
	X7.1	copy pipe 1 data	>	start to copy ?	$\uparrow \downarrow$	

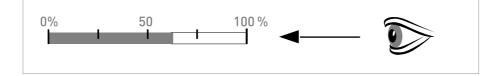
	if no:	copy pipe 1 data appears Go to X7 Fill in menu X7.2 up to X7.13: is similar to X6.2 up to X6.13	Ļ
	if yes:	copy pipe 1 data appears after copy process	Ч

X9...X10

X9	install	transd. 1	>	X9.1, X9.2,	$ \uparrow\downarrow$		
	X9.1	transducer set	>	read preset Ta,Tb,Tc / confirm or overrule using ↑↓ >			
	X9.2	calibration number		read		÷	
	X9.3	number of traverses	>	read preset 1,2,4 / confirm or overrule using ↑↓ >			
	X9.4	mount transducers at		read advise		<i></i>	
		please wait: decoun	ting	30 seconds			
	X9.5	act. flow, preliminary		read		<i></i>	
	X9.6	check signal		read (0 - 100 %)		<i></i>	
	X9.7	actual distance	>	fill in using ↑↓ >		+	
	(start optimization loop)						
	X9.8.1	optimize distance ?		yes/no		+	
				if no:	go to X9.9		
				if yes:	continue with X9.8.2		
	X9.8.2	act. VoS fluid		read		+	
	X9.8.3	continue ?		yes/no		+	
				if no:	go to X9.9		
				if yes:	continue with X9.8.4		
	X9.8.4	VoS fluid		read / confirm or overrule using ↑↓ >		<i></i>	
	X9.8.5	mount transducers at		read advise		<i>←</i>	
	(end optimization loop; next menu appearing is X9.8.1)						
(und	erneath X	10 becomes active if t	wo	pipes or two paths are selected	in X4 or X5)		
X10	install transd. 2		>		$ \uparrow\downarrow$		
				submenus identical to X9.1 up to X9.12			
						<i>~</i>	

3.2 Start measurement of small / medium version

- Power up the converter (do not mount and/or connect the rails yet)
- Fill in menu X1...X7 (see section "Installation menu" in chapter "General instructions for programming")
- X9.1: Check the reading with the sensor code (Ta/Tb) on rail. Press enter
- X9.2: Check the reading with the calibration number on the nameplate. Press enter
- X9.3: Check the factory preset number of traverses (default: 2, for DN<25: 4)
- X9.4: Read the advised mounting distance and position the transducer at that distance . Press enter
- X9.5: Read the preliminary volume flow. Press enter
- X9.6: Read the actual signal strength





INFORMATION!

Advice on signal strength: Signal > 75%: good signal, optimization loop not needed *Signal 50...75%:* fairly good signal, optimization loop can improve the signal *Signal 10...50%:* low signal, optimization loop needed *Signal < 10%:* bad or no signal, check settings in menu X6, increase transducer distance and/or go into the optimization loop.

- X9.7: Confirm or adjust the reading with the actual distance on the rail.
- X9.8: Optimization loop. Repeat steps X9.8.1...X9.8.5 until the advised mounting distance does not change more than 0.5%.
- X9.8.1: Optimise distance?
- X9.8.2: Read the velocity of sound of the fluid
- X9.8.3: Continue?
- X9.8.4: Confirm or adjust the velocity of sound
- X9.8.5: Read the advised mounting distance and reposition the transducer
- X9.9: Read the preliminary volume flow
- X9.10: Path ready? Enter "Yes". If you have: 1 path or pipe: you are finished, proceed with X9.12
- 2 paths: go to X9 for the 2nd path
- 2 pipes: go to X10 for the 2^{nd} pipe
- X9.12: End Installation? Enter "Yes" to save the installation. The measurement screen will appear.
- Mount the cover (see the section "mounting the cover" in chapter "General mechanical installation")

3.3 Start measurement of large version

Prepare installation

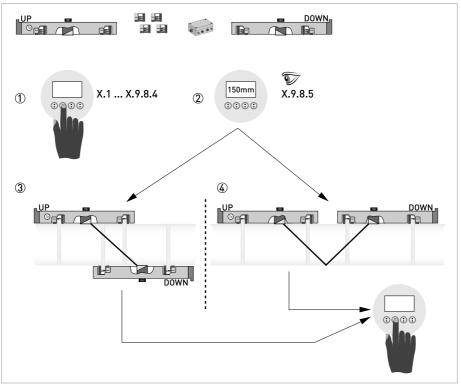


Figure 3-2: Procedure for installation of large version

- ① Enter the values for the installation menu, X1...X9.8.4
- $\ensuremath{\widehat{2}}$ Read the advised mounting distance in menu X9.8.5
- ③ Choose for Z-mode (default) or ...
- (4) Choose for V-mode
- \bigcirc Finish the installation menu
- Power up the converter (do not mount and/or connect the rails yet)
- Fill in menu X1...X7 as described in section "Installation menu" in chapter "General instructions for programming". Select "1 path" initially in X5
- X9.1: Check the reading with the sensor code (Ta/Tb) on rail
- X9.2: Check the reading with the calibration number on the nameplate
- X9.3: Check the factory preset number of traverses (default: 1 for Z-mode)
- X9.4: Read the advised mounting distance. Write it down, you need it later
- X9.5: Press enter
- X9.6: Press enter. Wait for 30 seconds
- X9.7: Press enter
- X9.8: Optimization loop. Enter "No" in X9.8.1
- X9.9: Press enter. Wait for 30 seconds
- X9.10: Path ready? Enter "Yes"
- X9.12: End Installation? Enter "Yes"



CAUTION!

Choose between Z and V mode before you proceed. The Advised Distance (menu X9.4) must be > 246 mm / 9,7" for V-mode.

Set transducer positions for both rails according to the table below.

Advised distance [mm]	Transducer position [mm]
100250	-65
>250	0

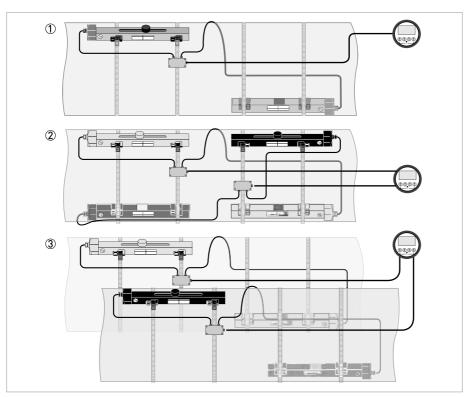


Figure 3-3: Device versions

- ① Single pipe, single path
- 2 Single pipe, dual path3 Dual pipe

3.4 Mechanical installation for large version



INFORMATION!

You need a calculator, measuring band and pen & paper to install a large version.

Mounting the UP rail



CAUTION!

Make sure that you mount the rail parallel to the pipe. Mount the fixing units and the cable box as shown below.

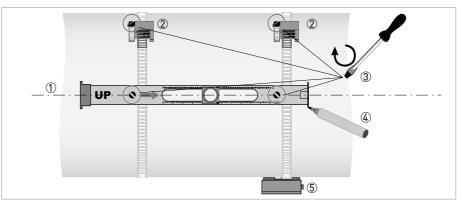


Figure 3-4: Mounting the large rail

- ① Align the UP rail with the pipeline.
- ② Fixing units
- ③ Turn screws clockwise to secure.
- ④ Mark the position.
- ⑤ Cable box

3 START-UP

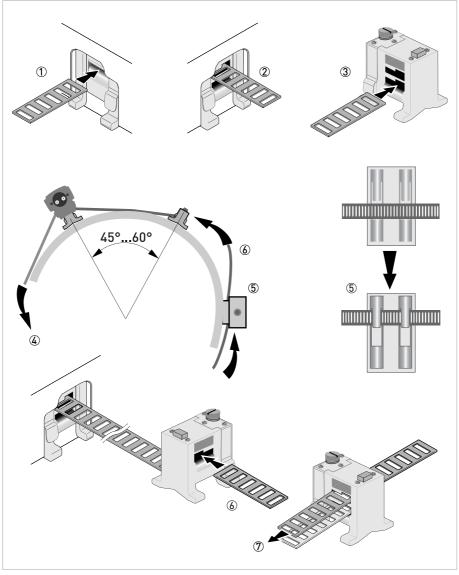


Figure 3-5: Mounting large version rail

- ① Pull the metal strap through the upper slit of the UP rail.
- ② Take the metal strap around the pipe (45...60°).
- ③ Push the end of the metal strap in the lower slit of the fixing unit.
- ④ Take the other side of the metal strap around the pipe to the fixing unit.
- (5) Mount the cable box (only for downstream metal strap).
- ⁶ Push the metal strap through the upper slit of the fixing unit.
- O Pull the metal strap moderately tight by hand.
- Secure by turning screws clockwise.

Mounting the DOWN rail in Z-mode

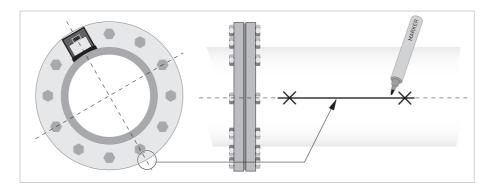
Set transducer positions for both rails according to the table below.

Advised distance [mm]	Transducer position [mm]	
100250	-65	
>250	0	

Measure the outer diameter of the pipe with a measuring band. For Z-mode, you must install the DOWN rail at the opposite location at the pipe. There are two possible ways to find the exact location:

1. FIND THE LOCATION WITH A FIXED REFERENCE POINT

Calculate the half of the outer diameter. Mark this 180° alignment line on the pipe.



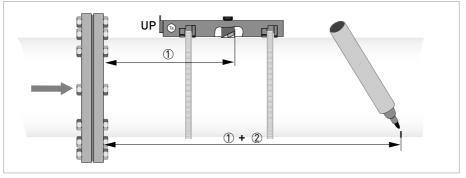


Figure 3-6: Find the opposite location with a reference point

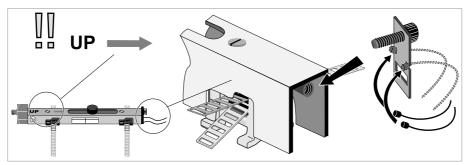
① Measure the distance between the transducer of the UP rail and the reference point.

② Add the Advised Distance and mark the location on the alignment line.

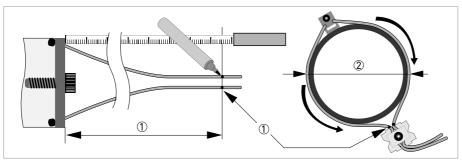
3

• Mount the DOWN rail in such a way that the transducer is at the marked location.

2. FIND THE LOCATION WITH THE SUPPLIED POSITIONING TOOL



Mount the positioning tool to the UP rail as shown.



1 Mark the cables at a distance of 1.63 x outer diameter.

O Outer diameter of pipeline



INFORMATION!

For large diameters you can use the weight of the metal plates to throw the cable around the pipe. First release one of the cables in that case!

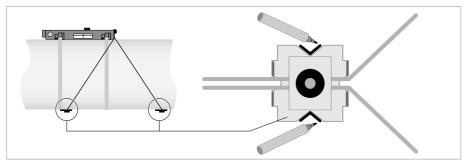


Figure 3-7: Mark the pipelines with the V-mark

Pull the V-shaped plate in the downstream direction as much as possible. Pay attention that the cables are not obstructed. Put the two V-marks on the pipeline. Do the same in the upstream direction.

 \wedge

CAUTION!

Repeat above steps to check if you find the same points.

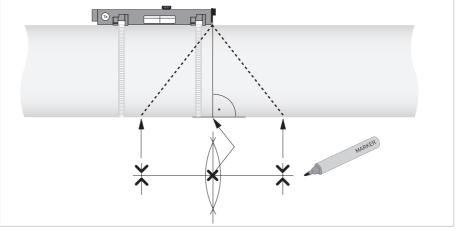


Figure 3-8: Marking the opposite location

Calculate the middle of the alignment line between the 4 V-marks as shown.

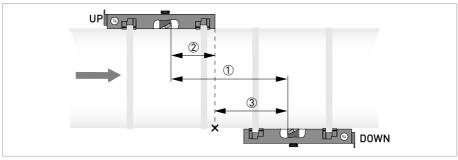


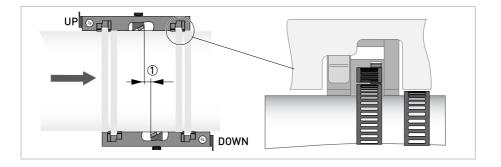
Figure 3-9: Finding the location for the DOWN rail

- ① Advised Distance as shown in menu X9.4
- 2 Measure the distance between the transducer and the end of the UP rail.
- ③ Determine and mark the location of the transducer of the DOWN rail: ③ = ① ②
- Mount the DOWN rail in such a way that the transducer is at the marked location.
- Grease all transducers, see "General mechanical installation".



INFORMATION!

It can be necessary to install the DOWN rail as shown below.



Mounting the DOWN rail in V-mode

For V-mode, you must install the DOWN rail in line with the UP rail. It is easier to install than the Z-mode, but you need more free pipe length. V-mode is possible for DN450/600...2000 (minimum depends on application).

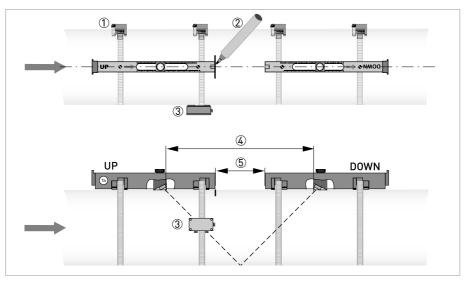


Figure 3-10: Mounting large version in V-mode

- ① Fixing units
- 2 Reference marking
- ③ Cable box
- ④ Advised Distance, X9.4
- (5) Minimum distance between UP and DOWN rail: 110 mm / 4.3"

Electrical connections

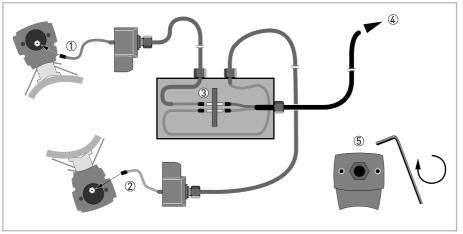


Figure 3-11: Connections in cable box (large version)

- ① Connect the blue cable to the UP rail.
- ② Connect the green cable to the DOWN rail.
- ③ Make connections in cable box.
- ④ Cable to converter
- (5) Turn the screws clockwise to secure the caps.

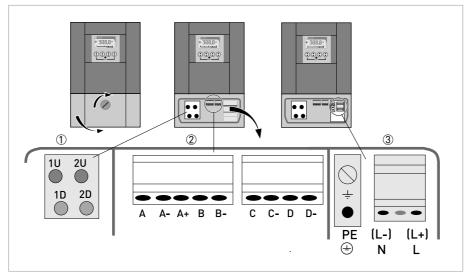


Figure 3-12: Construction of wall version

- ① Connect blue cable to 1U (to 2U for 2nd sensor) and the green cable to 1D (2D for 2nd sensor)
- Communication I/O
- ③ Power supply: 24 VAC/DC or 100...240 VAC

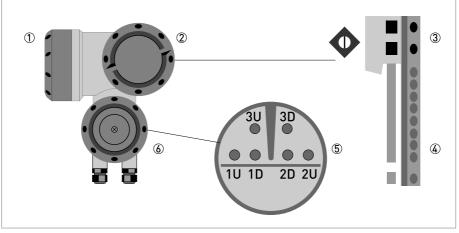


Figure 3-13: Construction (field version)

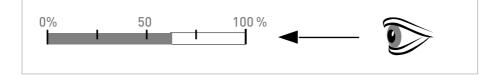
- ① Cover, electronics compartment
- ② Cover, terminal compartment for power supply and inputs/outputs
- 3 Cable entry for power
- ④ Cable entry for inputs/outputs
- (5) Cable entry for sensor cable
- 6 Cover, sensor terminal compartment



INFORMATION!

See also the section "Installation menu" in chapter "General instructions for programming".

- Go through menu X1...X7 as described in section "Installation menu" in chapter "General instructions for programming". Correct X5 if needed.
 - X9.1: Press enter
 - X9.2: Press enter
 - X9.3: Press enter
 - X9.4: Press enter
 - X9.5: Read the preliminary volume flow. Press enter
 - X9.6: Check signal





CAUTION!

Advice on signal strength: Signal > 75%: good signal, optimization loop not needed Signal 50...75%: fairly good signal, optimization loop can improve the signal Signal 10...50%: low signal, optimization loop needed Signal < 10%: bad or no signal, check settings in menu X6, increase transducer distance and/or go into the optimization loop.

B START-UP

- X9.7: Confirm or adjust the reading with the actual distance on the rail.
- X9.8: Optimization loop. Repeat steps X9.8.1...X9.8.5 until the advised mounting distance does not change more than 0.5%.
- X9.8.1: Optimise distance?
- X9.8.2: Read the velocity of sound of the fluid
- X9.8.3: Continue?
- X9.8.4: Confirm or adjust the velocity of sound
- X9.8.5: Read the advised mounting distance and reposition the transducer
- X9.9: Read the preliminary volume flow
- X9.10: Path ready? Enter "Yes". If you have: 1 path or pipe: you are finished, proceed with X9.12 2 paths: go to X9 for the 2nd path

2 pipes: go to X10 for the 2nd pipe

- X9.12: End Installation? If you enter "No" the installation is not saved, go to X9. If you enter "Yes" the installation is saved and the measurement screen will appear.
- Mount the cover (see section "mounting the cover" in chapter "General mechanical installation")

4.1 Technical data



INFORMATION!

- The following data is provided for general applications. If you require data that is more relevant to your specific application, please contact us or your local representative.
- Additional information (certificates, special tools, software,...) and complete product documentation can be downloaded free of charge from the website (Downloadcenter).

Measuring system

•			
Measuring principle	Ultrasonic transit time		
Application range	Flow measurement of liquids		
Measured value			
Primary measured value	Transit time		
Secondary measured value	Volume flow, mass flow, flow speed, flow direction, speed of sound, gain, signal to noise ratio, diagnosis value, reliability of flow measurement, quality of acoustic signal		

Design

Design		
	The measurement system consists of a measuring sensor and a signal converter. It is only available as separate version.	
Signal converter		
Wall-mounted housing (W) - remote version	UFC 300 W (general purpose)	
Field housing (F) - remote version	UFC 300 F (Option: Ex version)	
Measuring sensor		
Standard	Small, medium or large version in aluminum	
Optional	Small / medium stainless steel version	
	Small / medium XT (eXtended Temperature).	
Diameter ranges		
Small	DN15100 / ½4"	
	Outer diameter must be at least 20 mm / 0.79".	
Medium	DN50400 / 216"	
Large	DN2004000 / 8160"	
	Outer diameter must be smaller than 4300 mm / 169.29".	
Options		
Inputs / outputs	Current (incl. HART [®]), pulse, frequency and/or status output, limit switch and/or control input (depending on the I/O version)	
Counters	2 internal counters with a max. of 8 counter places (e.g. for counting volume and/or mass units)	
Self diagnostics	Integrated verification, diagnosis functions: flowmeter, process, measured value, empty pipe detection, bargraph	

Display and user interface		
Graphic display	LC display, backlit white	
	Size: 128x64 pixels, corresponds to 59x31 mm = 2.32"x1.22"	
	Display turnable in 90° steps	
	The readability of the display could be reduced at ambient temperatures below -25°C / -13°F.	
Operator input elements	4 optical keys for operator control of the signal converter without opening the housing.	
	Option: Infrared interface (GDC)	
Remote control	PACTware [®] including Device Type Manager (DTM)	
	All DTM's and drivers are available at the internet homepage of the manufacturer.	
Display functions		
Menu	Programming of parameters at 2 measured value pages, 1 status page, 1 graphic page (measured values and descriptions adjustable as required)	
Language of display texts	English, French, German	
Units	Metric, British and US units selectable from list / free unit	

Measuring accuracy

Reference conditions	Medium: water
	Temperature: 20°C / 68°F
	Straight inlet section: 10 DN
Maximum measuring error	±1% of the measured value for DN≥50 mm / 2" and v > 0.5 m/s / 1.5 ft/s
	±3% of the measured value for DN<50 mm / 2" and v > 0.5 m/s / 1.5 ft/s
Repeatability	<±0.2%

Operating conditions

Temperature			
Process temperature	Standard version: -40+120°C / -40+248°F		
	XT version: -40+200°C / -40+392°F		
Ambient temperature	Sensor: -40+70°C / -40+158°F		
	Signal converter: -40+60°C / -40+140°F (ambient temperature 55°C / 131°F and higher: protect electronics against self-heating, because an increase in the electronics temperature in 10°C / 50°F steps leads to a corresponding reduction of the electronics' service life by a factor of two).		
Storage temperature	-50+70°C / -58+158°F		
Pipe specifications			
Material	Metal, plastic, ceramic, asbestos cement, internal / external coated pipes (coatings and liners fully bonded to pipe wall)		
Pipewall thickness	< 200 mm / 7.87"		
Liner thickness	< 20 mm / 0.79"		

Media properties			
Physical condition	Liquids		
Viscosity	< 100 cSt (general guideline)		
	For detailed information please contact your local representative.		
Permissible gas content (volume)	≤2%		
Permissible solid content (volume)	≤ 5%		
Recommended flow velocity	0.520 m/s		
Other conditions			
Protection category acc. to IEC 529 / EN 60529	W (Wall) version signal converter: IP 65 (acc. to NEMA 4/4x)		
	F (Field) version signal converter: IP 66/67 (acc. to NEMA 4x/6)		
	All sensors: IP 67 (acc. to NEMA 6)		
Vibration resistance	IEC 68-2-64		
Shock resistance	IEC 60068-2-27		

Installation condititions

Measurement configuration	Single path, single pipe or dual path / dual pipe	
Inlet run	≥ 10 DN straight length	
Outlet run	≥ 5 DN straight length	
Dimensions and weights	See chapter "Dimensions and weights"	

Materials

Sensor	Standard	
	Anodised aluminum	
	Option stainless steel / eXtended Temperature (small / medium version)	
	Rail construction: 1.4404 (AISI 316L)	
	Cable connection:1.4404, PSU with FKM 0-ring	
Converter	Standard	
	F version: die-cast aluminum, polyurethane coated	
	W version: polyamide-polycarbonate	
	Option	
	F version: stainless steel 316 L (1.4408)	

Electrical connections

Voltage	Standard: 100230 VAC (-15% / +10%), 50/60 Hz	
	Option: 24 VAC/DC (AC: -15% / +10%; DC: -25% / +30%)	
Power consumption	AC: 22 VA	
	DC: 12 W	
Signal cable	double shielded, 2 internal triax, available lengths:	
	5 m / 15 ft (standard), maximum length 30 m / 90 ft	
Cable entries	Standard: M20 x 1.5	
	Option: ½" NPT, PF ½	

Inputs and outputs

General	All in- and outputs are galvanically isolated from each other and from all other circuits		
Description of used abbreviations	U _{ext} = external voltage; R _L = load + resistance; U _o = terminal voltage; I _{nom} = nominal current		
Current output	1		
Output data	Measurement of volume and mass (at constant density), ${\sf HART}^{\textcircled{R}}$ communication		
Settings	Without HART [®]		
	Q = 0%: 020 mA; Q =	100%: 1021.5 mA	
	Error identification: 0.	22 mA	
	With HART [®]		
	Q = 0%: 420 mA; Q =	100%: 1021.5 mA	
	Error identification: 3.	522 mA	
Operating data	Basic I/Os	Modular I/Os	Ex-i
Active	$U_{int,nom} = 24 \text{ VDC}$ I $\leq 22 \text{ mA}$ R _L $\leq 1 \text{ k}\Omega$		$\begin{array}{c} U_{int,nom} = 20 \text{ VDC} \\ I \leq 22 \text{ mA} \\ R_L \leq 450 \ \Omega \end{array}$
			$U_0 = 21 V$ $I_0 = 90 mA$ $P_0 = 0.5W$ $C_0 = 90 nF /$ $L_0 = 2 mH$ $C_0 = 110 nF /$ $L_0 = 0.5 mH$
Passive	$U_{ext} \le 32 \text{ VDC}$ $I \le 22 \text{ mA}$ $U_0 \ge 1.8 \text{ V at I} = 22 \text{ mA}$		$\begin{array}{c} U_{ext} \leq 32 \text{ VDC} \\ I \leq 22 \text{ mA} \\ U_0 \geq 4 \text{ V} \\ R_L \leq (U_{ext} - U_0) \text{ / } I_{max} \end{array}$
			$U_{I} = 30 V$ $I_{I} = 100 mA$ $P_{I} = 1 W$ $C_{I} = 10 nF$ $L_{I} \sim 0 mH$
HART®			
Description	HART [®] protocol at active and passive current output		
	HART [®] version: V5		
	Universal HART [®] parameter fully integrated		
Load	\geq 250 Ω Please observe maximum value for current output		
Multidrop	Yes, current output = 4 mA		
	Multidrop addresses programmable in menu 115		
Device drivers	FDT/DTM		

Pulse or frequency outpu	It			
Output data	Volume or mass	Volume or mass counting		
Function	Can be set as a p	Can be set as a pulse output or frequency output		
Settings	For Q = 100%: 0.0 volume	0110000 pulses per second	l or pulses per unit	
	Pulse width: sett	ing automatic, symmetric or	fixed (0.052000 ms)	
Operating data	Basic I/Os	Basic I/Os Modular I/Os		
Active	-	U _{nom} = 24 VDC	-	
		$\begin{array}{l} {\bf f_{max}} \leq {\bf 100~Hz:} \\ {\rm I} \leq 20~{\rm mA} \\ {\rm open:}~{\rm I} \leq 0.05~{\rm mA} \\ {\rm closed:} \\ {\rm U}_{0,{\rm nom}} = 24~{\rm V~at} \\ {\rm I} = 20~{\rm mA} \end{array}$		
		$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{100 Hz} < f_{max} \leq \textbf{10} \\ \textbf{kHz:} \\ I \leq 20 \text{ mA} \\ \text{open: } I \leq 0.05 \text{ mA} \\ \text{closed:} \\ U_{0,nom} = 22.5 \text{ V at} \\ I = 1 \text{ mA} \\ U_{0,nom} = 21.5 \text{ V at} \\ I = 10 \text{ mA} \\ U_{0,nom} = 19 \text{ V at} \\ I = 20 \text{ mA} \end{array}$		
Passive	U _{ext} ≤ 32 VDC	· · ·	-	
		l ≤ 10 mA		
	$I \le 20 \text{ mA}$ open: $I \le 0.05 \text{ mA at } U_{e}$; closed: $U_{0, \max} = 1.5 \text{ V at}$ $U_{0, \max} = 2.5 \text{ V at}$	open: I \leq 0.05 mA at U $_{ext}$ = 32 VDC		
NAMUR	-	Passive to EN 60947-5-6 open: I _{nom} = 0.6 mA closed: I _{nom} = 3.8 mA	Passive to EN 60947-5-6 open: I _{nom} = 0.43 mA closed: I _{nom} = 4.5 mA	
			$U_{I} = 30 V$ $I_{I} = 100 mA$ $P_{I} = 1 W$ $C_{I} = 10 nF$ $L_{I} \sim 0 mH$	

Status output / limit switch			
Function and settings		tic measuring range chang erflow, error, operating po	
	Valve control with a	ctivated dosing function	
	Status and/or contr	ol: ON or OFF	
Operating data	Basic I/Os	Modular I/Os	Ex-i
Active	-	$\begin{array}{l} U_{int} = 24 \ \text{VDC} \\ I \leq 20 \ \text{mA} \\ \text{open:} \ I \leq 0.05 \ \text{mA} \\ \text{closed:} \\ U_{0, \ \text{nom}} = 24 \ \text{V} \ \text{at} \\ I = 20 \ \text{mA} \end{array}$	-
Passive	$\begin{array}{l} U_{ext} \leq 32 \; VDC \\ I \leq 100 \; mA \\ open: \\ I \leq 0.05 \; mA \; at \\ U_{ext} = 32 \; VDC \\ closed: \\ U_{0,\;max} = 0.2 \; V \; at \\ I \leq 10 \; mA \\ U_{0,\;max} = 2 \; V \; at \\ I \leq 100 \; mA \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} U_{ext} = 32 \; VDC \\ I \leq 100 \; mA \\ R_{L,\;max} = 47 \; k\Omega \\ open: \\ I \leq 0.05 \; mA \; at \\ U_{ext} = 32 \; VDC \\ closed: \\ U_{0,\;max} = 0.2 \; V \; at \\ I \leq 10 \; mA \\ U_{0,\;max} = 2 \; V \; at \\ I \leq 100 \; mA \end{array}$	-
NAMUR	-	Passive to EN 60947-5-6 open: I _{nom} = 0.6 mA closed: I _{nom} = 3.8 mA	Passive to EN 60947-5-6 open: I _{nom} = 0.43 mA closed: I _{nom} = 4.5 mA
			$U_{I} = 30 V$ $I_{I} = 100 mA$ $P_{I} = 1 W$ $C_{I} = 10 nF$ $L_{I} = 0 mH$

Control input			
Function	outputs to "zero", cou	outs (e.g. for cleaning wo unter and error reset, rai	nge change.
	Start of dosing when	dosing function is activa	ted.
Operating data	Basic I/Os	Modular I/Os	Ex-i
Active	-	$\begin{array}{l} U_{int} = 24 \ VDC \\ Terminals \ open: \\ U_{0, \ nom} = 22 \ V \\ Terminals \ bridged: \\ I_{nom} = 4 \ mA \\ On: \\ U_{0} \geq 12 \ V \ with \\ I_{nom} = 1.9 \ mA \\ Off: \\ U_{0} \leq 10 \ V \ with \\ I_{nom} = 1.9 \ mA \end{array}$	-
Passive	$\begin{array}{l} 8 \ V \leq U_{ext} \leq 32 \ VDC \\ I_{max} = 6.5 \ mA \\ at \ U_{ext} \leq 24 \ VDC \\ I_{max} = 8.2 \ mA \\ at \ U_{ext} \leq 32 \ VDC \\ Contact \ closed \ (0n): \\ U_0 \geq 8 \ V \\ with \ I_{nom} = 2.8 \ mA \\ Contact \ open \ (Off): \\ U_0 \leq 2.5 \ V \\ with \ I_{nom} = 0.4 \ mA \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{l} 3 \ V \leq U_{ext} \leq 32 \ VDC \\ I_{max} = 9.5 \ mA \ at \\ U_{ext} \leq 24 \ V \\ I_{max} = 9.5 \ mA \ at \\ U_{ext} \leq 32 \ V \\ Contact \ closed \ (On): \\ U_0 \geq 3 \ V \\ with \ I_{nom} = 1.9 \ mA \\ Contact \ open \ (Off): \\ U_0 \leq 2.5 \ V \\ with \ I_{nom} = 1.9 \ mA \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} U_{ext} \leq 32 \; \text{VDC} \\ I \leq 6 \; \text{mA at } U_{ext} = 24 \; \text{V} \\ I \leq 6.6 \; \text{mA at} \\ U_{ext} = 32 \; \text{V} \\ \text{On:} \\ U_0 \geq 5.5 \; \text{V or } \; I \geq 4 \; \text{mA} \\ \text{Off:} \\ U_0 \leq 3.5 \; \text{V or} \\ I \leq 0.5 \; \text{mA} \\ \hline \\ U_I = 30 \; \text{V} \\ I_I = 100 \; \text{mA} \\ P_I = 1 \; \text{W} \\ C_I = 10 \; \text{nF} \\ L_I = 0 \; \text{mH} \\ \end{array}$
NAMUR	-	Active to EN 60947-5-6 Contact open: U _{0, nom} = 8.7 V Contact closed (On): I _{nom} = 7.8 mA Contact open (off): U _{0, nom} = 6.3 V with I _{nom} = 1.9 mA Identification for open terminals: U ₀ \geq 8.1 V with I \leq 0.1 mA Identification for short circuited terminals: U ₀ \leq 1.2 V with I \geq 6.7 mA	-
Low-flow cutoff			
On	0±9.999 m/s; 020. current and pulse ou	0%, settable in 0.1% ste tput	ps, separately for each
Off	0±9.999 m/s; 019 current and pulse ou	0%, settable in 0.1% ste tput	ps, separately for each
Time constant			
Function	Can be set together f for: current, pulse an the 3 internal counte	or all flow indicators and d frequency output, and rs	l outputs, or separately for limit switches and
Time setting	0100 seconds, sett	able in 0.1 second steps	

Approvals and certificates

Hazardous areas	
ATEX	Sensor:
	PTB 06 ATEX 2045 X
	II 2 G Ex ia IIC T6T4 (XT Version: II 2 G Ex ia IIC T6T2)
	Converter (F version only):
	PTB 06 ATEX 2046 X
	II 2(1) G Ex de [ia] IIC T6 or II 2 G Ex de [ia] IIC T6
	II 2(1) G Ex d [ia] IIC T6 or II 2 G Ex d [ia] IIC T6
FM - Class I, DIV 1/2	Option (F version): approval ID = 3029326
	Pending for stainless steel / eXtended Temperature version.
CSA - GP / Class I,	Option (F version): approval certificate = 1956404 (LR 105802)
DIV 1/2	Pending for stainless steel / eXtended Temperature version.
Other approvals and standards	
Electromagnetic compatibility	Directive: 89/336/EEC, NAMUR NE21/04
	Harmonized standard: EN 61326-1: 2006
Low Voltage Directive	Directive: 2006/95/EC
	Harmonized standard: EN 61010: 2001

NOTES 5

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NOTES 5

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KROHNE product overview

- Electromagnetic flowmeters
- Variable area flowmeters
- Ultrasonic flowmeters
- Mass flowmeters
- Vortex flowmeters
- Flow controllers
- Level meters
- Temperature meters
- Pressure meters
- Analysis products
- Measuring systems for the oil and gas industry
- Measuring systems for sea-going tankers

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